Textile Production

3896. DR. MAHADEEPAK SINGH SHAKYA:
SHRI NITISH KUMAR:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been an increase in the production of textiles by the powerlooms installed in decentralised sector during the last three years;

(b) if so, the total quantity of textiles manufactured in this sector during the year 1988-89, 1989-90 and 1990-91;

(c) whether the export of the textiles manufactured in this sectors have also raised the exports during the recent years;

(d) if so, the textiles exported during the year 1990-91 and the value thereof;

(e) the incentives proposed to be given by the Government to increase production in this sector during forthcoming years; and

(f) the target fixed for the production of textiles by powerlooms for the years 1992-93?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) There has been an increase in production of textile in the production of textile in the powerloom during the last three years

(b)	*(inmillion Sg. mtr)*
1988-89	9372
1989-90	9788
1990-91	10988

(c) Yes, Exports of Textile manufacturers in this sector have risen during the recent years.

(d) The value of export is Rs. 5253.30 million in 1990-91.

(e) Government has initiated action to increase production through modernisation of powerlooms, training etc.

(f) No. Target is separately fixed for production of textiles by powerlooms.

State Financial Corporation

3897. DR. MAHADEEPAK SINGH SHAKYA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether some State Financial Corporations have become sick or are financially weak;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to make them viable?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b). The Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) has reported that none of the State Financial Corporations (SFCs) has a negative network, as on March 31, 1991. Seven SFCs can, however, be deemed to be financially weak, based on a weighted average index of their overdue financial performance on the basis of criteria relating to return on equity, recovery ratio, capital adequacy, overdue affected portfollo and plough back. A list of such SFCs is enclosed. (Statement).

(c) An Action Plan for revitalistion of SFCs, inter-alia envisaging restructuring of top management of SFCs, recapitalisation

of SFCs having low capital adequacy requiring SFCs to follow prudential norms in their business operations, upgradation of their accounting policies and standards and reorganising the resources pattern of SFCs for their viable growth has been drawn up by IDBI and its implementation is likely to assist in improving the viability of the financially weak SFCs.

STATEMENT

List of the State Financial Corporations which can be deemed as "Weak"

1. Assam Financial Corporation
2. Bihar State Financial Corporation
3. Himachal Pradesh State Financial Corporation
4. Jammu & Kashmir State Financial Corporation
5. Kerala State Financial Corporation
6. Madhya Pradesh Financial Corporation
7. Orissa State Financial Corporation

Booth capturing and Rigging During Punjab Elections

3898. PROF. PREM DHUMAL: Will the Minister of LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of complaints received by the Government and Election Commission regarding rigging in Lok Sabha and Assembly elections held in Punjab on February 19, 1992;

(b) whether these complaints have been received from the candidates;

(c) the action taken by the Government on these complaints and;

(d) the political parties which contested elections and the parties which boycotted the elections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI RANGARAJAN KUMARAMANGALAM): (a) and (b). The Election Commission received 256 complaints regarding rigging in Lok Sabha Assembly Elections held in Punjab on 19th February, 1992 and 12 of these were from contesting candidates.

(c) Action on such complaints received during the course of election, is required to be taken by the Elections Commission and not by the Government. After the elections are over, these matters can be agitated only through the election petition. The Election Commission did not find any substance in 8 complaints, 2 complaints were not specific; hence no action can be taken and the remaining 15 complaints were received after the poll or declaration of results and therefore, no action was taken.

(d) A statement showing the political parties which contested the election is attached. Other parties did not contest the Punjab elections.